**LEET CODE –** Two Sum IV - Input is a BST

Given the root of a binary search tree and an integer k, return true if there exist two elements in the BST such that their sum is equal to k, or false otherwise.

**CODE:**

/\*\*

 \* Definition for a binary tree node.

 \* struct TreeNode {

 \*     int val;

 \*     struct TreeNode \*left;

 \*     struct TreeNode \*right;

 \* };

 \*/

 bool findTarget(struct TreeNode\* root, int k) {

if (root == NULL) {

return false;

}

void inOrderTraversal(struct TreeNode\* root, int\* arr, int\* index) {

if (root == NULL) {

return;

}

inOrderTraversal(root->left, arr, index);

arr[(\*index)++] = root->val;

inOrderTraversal(root->right, arr, index);

}

int numNodes = 0;

struct TreeNode\* temp = root;

struct TreeNode\* stack[100];

int stackSize = 0;

while (temp != NULL || stackSize > 0) {

while (temp != NULL) {

stack[stackSize++] = temp;

temp = temp->left;

}

temp = stack[--stackSize];

numNodes++;

temp = temp->right;

}

int\* arr = (int\*)malloc(numNodes \* sizeof(int));

int index = 0;

inOrderTraversal(root, arr, &index);

int left = 0;

int right = numNodes - 1;

while (left < right) {

int sum = arr[left] + arr[right];

if (sum == k) {

free(arr);

return true;

} else if (sum < k) {

left++;

} else {

right--;

}

}

free(arr);

return false;

}

**OUTPUT:**

